



PTO/SB/66 (03-09)
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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BOX-M/4

PETITION TO ACCEPT UNINTENTIONALLY DELAYED PAYMENT OF MAINTENANCE FEE IN AN EXPIRED PATENT (37 CFR 1.378 (c))

Docket Number (Optional)

Mail to: Mail Stop Petition
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450
Fax: (571) 273-8300

NOTE: If information or assistance is needed in completing this form, please contact Petitions Information at (571) 272-3282.

Patent No. # 6,597,281

Application Number 09/675,177

Issue Date. July 22 2003

Filing Date Sept. 29 2006

CAUTION: Maintenance fee (and surcharge, if any) payment must correctly identify: (1) the patent number (or reissue patent number, if a reissue) and (2) the application number of the actual U.S. application (or reissue application) leading to issuance of that patent to ensure the fee(s) is/are associated with the correct patent. 37 CFR 1.366(c) and (d).

Also complete the following information, if applicable

06/29/2012 DALLEN 00000014 6597281

The above - identified patent

01 FC:1599 940.00 OP



Is a reissue of original Patent No. 6,597,281 original issue date July 22 2003
original application number 09/675,177
original filing date Sept. 29 2006



resulted from the entry into the U.S. under 35 U.S.C. 371 of international application _____

filed on _____

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING (37 CFR 1.89(a))

I hereby certify that this paper (*along with any paper referred to as being attached or enclosed) is being deposited with the United States Postal Service on the date shown below with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to Mail Stop Petition, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, or facsimile transmitted to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on the date shown below.

6/19/02
Date

Gerald L. Thomas
Signature

GERALD L. THOMAS

Typed or Printed Name of Person Signing Certificate

[page 1 of 3]

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.378(c). The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1 hour to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Mail Stop Petition, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

1. SMALL ENTITY



Patentee claims, or has previously claimed, small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27.

2. LOSS OF ENTITLEMENT TO SMALL ENTITY STATUS



Patentee is no longer entitled to small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27(g)

3. MAINTENANCE FEE (37 CFR 1.20(e)-(g))

The appropriate maintenance fee must be submitted with this petition, unless it was paid earlier.

NOT Small Entity			Small Entity		
Amount	Fee	(Code)	Amount	Fee	(Code)
<input type="checkbox"/> \$ _____	3 ½ yr fee	(1551)	<input type="checkbox"/> \$ _____	3 ½ yr fee	(2551)
<input type="checkbox"/> \$ _____	7 ½ yr fee	(1552)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> \$ <u>1,240</u>	7 ½ yr fee <i>Paid 08/01/11</i>	(2552)
<input type="checkbox"/> \$ _____	11 ½ yr fee	(1553)	<input type="checkbox"/> \$ _____	11 ½ yr fee	(2553)

MAINTENANCE FEE BEING SUBMITTED \$ 940.00

4. SURCHARGE

\$1,640

The surcharge required by 37 CFR 1.20(i)(2) of \$ 700.00 (Fee Code 1558) must be paid as a condition of accepting unintentionally delayed payment of a maintenance fee.

SURCHARGE FEE BEING SUBMITTED \$ 940.00

Unintentional Surcharge balance ↑

5. MANNER OF PAYMENT



Enclosed is a check for the sum of \$ 940.00
Money order



Please charge Deposit Account No. _____ the sum of \$ _____



Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.

6. AUTHORIZATION TO CHARGE ANY FEE DEFICIENCY



The Director is hereby authorized to charge any maintenance fee, surcharge or petition deficiency to Deposit Account No. _____

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number

7. OVERPAYMENT

As to any overpayment made please

OR

 Credit to Deposit Account No. _____ Send refund check

WARNING:

Petitioner/applicant is cautioned to avoid submitting personal information in documents filed in a patent application that may contribute to identity theft. Personal information such as social security numbers, bank account numbers, or credit card numbers (other than a check or credit card authorization form PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes) is never required by the USPTO to support a petition or an application. If this type of personal information is included in documents submitted to the USPTO, petitioners/applicants should consider redacting such personal information from the documents before submitting them to the USPTO. Petitioner/applicant is advised that the record of a patent application is available to the public after publication of the application (unless a non-publication request in compliance with 37 CFR 1.213(a) is made in the application or issuance of a patent). Furthermore, the record from an abandoned application may also be available to the public if the application is referenced in a published application or an issued patent (see 37 CFR 1.14). Checks and credit card authorization forms PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes are not retained in the application file and therefore are not publicly available.

8. STATEMENT

The delay in payment of the maintenance fee to this patent was unintentional.

9. PETITIONER(S) REQUEST THAT THE DELAYED PAYMENT OF THE MAINTENANCE FEE BE ACCEPTED AND THE PATENT REINSTATED

Gerald L. Thomas

Signature(s) of Petitioner(s)

6/19/12

Date

GERALD L. THOMAS

Typed or printed name(s)

Registration Number, if applicable

312 804-1384

Telephone Number

* 1936 N. SAWYER AVE. CHICAGO, IL. 60647

Address

Address

37 CFR 1.378(d) states: "Any petition under this section must be signed by an attorney or agent registered to practice before the Patent and Trademark Office, or by the patentee, the assignee, or other party in interest."

ENCLOSURES



Maintenance Fee Payment



Surcharge under 37 CFR 1.20(i)(2) (fee for filing the maintenance fee petition)



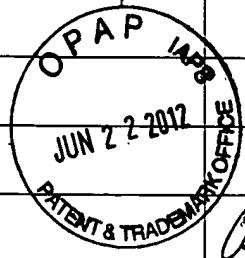


Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.



6/7/2012

Office of Petitions

Christina Partera Donnell

Please accept my "unintentional" payment (balance \$940.00) of late Maintenance fee; I lost my job in 2008 and have not been able to find work, therefore, I had no way of paying fee. Now, I wish to sell patent to a third party, however, I would like to pay second maintenance fee balance of \$940.00 first; before selling patent right.

Please, would this be acceptable?

Sincerely

Gerald L. Thomas

IP Owner # 6,597,281



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

AP 148
JUN 22 2012
PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE

Gerald L. Thomas
1936 N. Sawyer Ave.
Chicago, IL 60647

1123 1980-00

Commissioner for Patents
United States Patent and Trademark Office
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

MAILED
SEP 22 2011

OFFICE OF PETITIONS

In re Patent No. 6,597,281 :
Issued: July 22, 2003 : ON PETITION
Application No. 09/675,177 :
Filed: September 29, 2000 :
Attorney Docket No. 99-1833 :

This is in response to the petition under 37 CFR 1.378(b), filed August 1, 2011, to accept the unavoidably delayed payment of the maintenance fee for the above-identified patent.

The patent issued on July 22, 2003. The patent expired on July 23, 2011, for failure to timely remit the second maintenance fee. On August 1, 2011, petitioner, Gerald L. Thomas, filed the present petition under 37 CFR 1.378(b) accompanied by the \$1,240.00 maintenance fee due at 7.5 years and the \$700.00 surcharge after expiration where late payment is unavoidable.¹

In the present petition, petitioner explained: "I had my years wrong, I thought I had until 1/22/12; I was checking my patent just days after it had expired: 7/22/11 and realized it was this year. I'm hoping to continue to mark my idea (patent) #6,597,281." *Petition, 08/01/11, p. 4.*

A grantable petition to accept a delayed maintenance fee payment under 37 CFR 1.378(b) must include the following:

(1) the required maintenance fee set forth in § 1.20(e) through (g);

(2) the surcharge set forth in § 1.20(i)(1); and

(3) a showing that the delay was unavoidable since reasonable care was taken to ensure that the maintenance fee would be paid timely and that the petition was filed promptly after the patentee was notified of, or otherwise became aware of, the

¹ Petitioner submitted \$1,280.00 for the payment of the maintenance fee due at 7.5 years. The Office notes that as of the mailing date of this decision, the small entity maintenance fee due at 7.5 years is \$1,240.00. Therefore, petitioner overpaid in the amount of \$40.00. The overpayment of \$40.00 will be refunded to petitioner by treasury check in due course.

expiration of the patent. The showing must enumerate the steps taken to ensure timely payment of the maintenance fee, the date and the manner in which patentee became aware of the expiration of the patent, and the steps taken to file the petition promptly.

This petition lacks requirement (3).

As 35 U.S.C. 41(c) requires the payment of fees at specified intervals to maintain a patent in force, rather than some response to a specific action by the Office under 35 U.S.C. 133, a reasonably prudent person in the exercise of due care and diligence would have taken steps to ensure the timely payment of such maintenance fees. Ray v. Lehman, 55 F.3d 606, 609, 34 USPQ2d 1786, 1788 (Fed. Cir. 1995). That is, an adequate showing that the delay in payment of the maintenance fee at issue was “unavoidable” within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. 41(c) and 37 CFR 1.378(b)(3) requires a showing of the steps taken to ensure the timely payment of the maintenance fee. Id. Thus, where the record fails to disclose that the patentee took reasonable steps, or discloses that the patentee took no steps, to ensure timely payment of the maintenance fee, 35 U.S.C. 41(c) and 37 CFR 1.378(b)(3) preclude acceptance of the delayed payment of the maintenance fee under 37 CFR 1.378(b).

Acceptance of a late maintenance fee under the unavoidable delay standard is considered under the same standard for reviving an abandoned application under 35 U.S.C. 133. This is a very stringent standard. Decisions on reviving abandoned applications on the basis of “unavoidable” delay have adopted the reasonably prudent person standard in determining if the delay was unavoidable:

The word ‘unavoidable’ . . . is applicable to ordinary human affairs, and requires no more or greater care or diligence than is generally used and observed by prudent and careful men in relation to their most important business. It permits them in the exercise of this care to rely upon the ordinary and trustworthy agencies of mail and telegraph, worthy and reliable employees, and such other means and instrumentalities as are usually employed in such important business. If unexpectedly, or through the unforeseen fault or imperfection of these agencies and instrumentalities, there occurs a failure, it may properly be said to be unavoidable, all other conditions of promptness in its rectification being present.

In re Mattullath, 38 App. D.C. 497, 514-15 (1912) (quoting Pratt, 1887 Dec. Comm'r Pat. 31, 32-33 (1887)); see also Winkler v. Ladd, 221 F. Supp. 550, 552, 138 USPQ 666, 667-68 (D.D.C. 1963), aff'd, 143 USPQ 172 (D.C. Cir. 1963); Ex parte Henrich, 1913 Dec. Comm'r Pat. 139, 141 (1913). In addition, decisions on revival are made on a “case-by-case basis, taking all the facts and circumstances into account.” Smith v. Mossinghoff, 671 F.2d 533, 538, 213 USPQ 977, 982 (D.C. Cir. 1982). Finally, a petition cannot be granted where a petitioner has failed to meet his or her burden of establishing that the delay was “unavoidable.” Haines v. Quigg, 673 F. Supp. 314, 316-17, 5 USPQ2d 1130, 1131-32 (N.D. Ind. 1987). Moreover, patentee's lack of knowledge of the need to pay the maintenance fee and the failure to receive the Maintenance Fee

Reminder do not constitute unavoidable delay. See Patent No. 4,409,763, 7 USPQ2d 1798 (Comm'r Pat. 1988).

In determining whether the delay in paying a maintenance fee was unavoidable, one looks to whether the party responsible for payment of the maintenance fee exercised the due care of a reasonably prudent person. Ray v. Lehman, 55 F.3d 606, 608-609, 34 USPQ2d 1786, 1787 (Fed. Cir. 1995). The patent owner at the time of the expiration of the patent is ultimately the person responsible to ensure the timely payment of the maintenance fees. The patent owner may engage another to track and/or pay the maintenance fees; however, merely engaging another does not relieve the patent owner from his obligation to take appropriate steps to ensure the timely payment of such maintenance fees. See California Medical Prods. v. Tecnol Medical Prods., 921 F. Supp. 1219 (D. Del. 1995).

In this instance, petitioner was the patent owner at the time of the expiration of the patent, and therefore, he alone had an obligation to ensure the timely payment of the maintenance fee. The petition is completely silent as to the steps or tracking system that petitioner may have had in place to ensure that the maintenance fee was paid in a timely manner and how that system failed to alert petitioner of the due date for the second maintenance fee. Likewise, without documentary evidence that petitioner undertook calendaring or tracking of the maintenance fee due dates, petitioner has not shown unavoidable delay.

The required showing must set forth the steps taken to ensure timely payment of the maintenance fee, the date and the manner in which petitioner became aware of the expiration of the patent; and the steps taken to file the petition promptly. MPEP 2590. Furthermore, an adequate showing requires a statement by all persons with direct knowledge of the cause of the delay, setting forth the facts as they know them. Id. Copies of all documentary evidence referred to in a statement should be furnished as exhibits to the statement. Thus, where a patentee fails to show that he took reasonable steps, or discloses that he took no steps to ensure timely payment of the maintenance fee, 35 U.S.C. 41(c) and 37 CFR 1.378(b)(3) preclude acceptance of the delayed payment of the maintenance fee under 37 CFR 1.378(b).

In summary, the record fails to disclose that petitioner had a reasonably reliable system in place to track the maintenance fee due dates to ensure the timely payment of the second maintenance fee. Accordingly, the petition under 37 CFR 1.378(b) is dismissed.

Petitioner should note that if this petition under 37 CFR 1.378(b)/(e) is not renewed, or if renewed and not granted, petitioner may obtain a refund of the \$1,240.00 maintenance fee and the \$700.00 post-expiration surcharge. The \$400.00 petition fee for seeking further reconsideration is not refundable.

Any request for refund should be in writing to the following address:

Mail Stop 16
Director of the US Patent and Trademark Office
PO Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

A copy of this decision should accompany petitioner's request.

In the alternative, petitioner may wish to file a petition under 37 CFR 1.378(c), requesting that the Office accept the unintentionally delayed payment of the second maintenance fee. A petition under 37 CFR 1.378(c) must be filed within twenty four months from the end of the six month grace period (i.e. on or before July 22, 2013) and be accompanied by (1) a verified statement that the delay was unintentional, (2) payment of the appropriate maintenance fee, **unless previously submitted**, and (3) payment of the \$1,640.00 surcharge set forth in 37 CFR 1.20(i)(2).

Petitioner may request that the \$700.00 surcharge previously paid be credited toward the \$1,640.00 unintentional surcharge. Petitioner would be required to pay the difference of \$940.00. A copy of the form for a Petition to Accept the Unintentionally Delayed Payment of Maintenance Fee in an Expired Patent (37 CFR 1.378(c)) (Form PTO/SB/66) accompanies this decision for petitioner's convenience.

The Office notes that the address indicated on the petition differs from the address of record. As a one-time courtesy the Office will mail this decision to the address listed in the petition. However, if petitioner wishes to receive future correspondence concerning this patent, petitioner should submit a change of correspondence address. The appropriate form (Form PTO/SB/123) accompanies this decision for petitioner's convenience.

Further correspondence with respect to this matter should be addressed as follows:

By mail: Mail Stop Petition
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

By FAX: (571) 273-8300
Attn: Office of Petitions

By hand: Customer Services Window
Randolph Building
401 Dulany Street
Alexandria, VA 22314

Correspondence may also be submitted electronically via EFS-Web.

Telephone inquiries regarding this decision may be directed to the undersigned at (571) 272-3211.

C. T. Donnell

Christina Tartera Donnell
Senior Petitions Attorney
Office of Petitions

Enclosures: Forms PTO/SB/ 66, PTO/SB/123

Cc: Gerald L. Thomas
5906 North Sheridan Rd. #3D
Chicago IL 60660

NEW ADDRESS:
1936 N. SAWYER AVE.
Chicago, IL. 60647